

### GeneQuery<sup>™</sup> Human Basal Cell Carcinoma qPCR Array Kit (GQH-BCC) Catalog #GK015

### **Product Description**

ScienCell's GeneQuery<sup>™</sup> Human Basal Cell Carcinoma qPCR Array Kit (GQH-BCC) is designed to facilitate gene expression profiling of key genes involved in (i) basal cell carcinoma (BCC) biology and carcinogenesis; (ii) targeted BCC therapies; and (iii) hedgehog signaling pathway. 88 genes are selected in this kit based on database and literature research.

GeneQuery<sup>TM</sup> qPCR array kits are qPCR ready in a 96-well plate format, with each well containing one primer set that can specifically recognize and efficiently amplify a target gene's cDNA. The carefully designed primers ensure that: (i) the optimal annealing temperature in qPCR analysis is  $65^{\circ}$ C (with 2 mM Mg<sup>2+</sup>, and no DMSO); (ii) the primer set recognizes all known transcript variants of target gene, unless otherwise indicated; and (iii) only one gene is amplified. Each primer set has been validated by qPCR with melt curve analysis, and gel electrophoresis.

### GeneQuery<sup>™</sup> qPCR Array Kit Controls

Each GeneQuery<sup>™</sup> plate contains eight controls (Figure 1).

- Five target housekeeping genes (ACTB, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH), which enable normalization of data.
- The Genomic DNA (gDNA) Control (GDC) detects possible gDNA contamination in the cDNA samples. It contains a primer set targeting a non-transcribed region of the genome.
- Positive PCR Control (PPC) tests whether samples contain inhibitors or other factors that may negatively affect gene expression results. The PPC consists of a predispensed synthetic DNA template and a primer set that can amplify it. The sequence of the DNA template is not present in the human genome, and thus tests the efficiency of the polymerase chain reaction itself.
- The No Template Control (NTC) is strongly recommended, and can be used to monitor the DNA contamination introduced during the workflow such as reagents, tips, and the lab bench.

### **Kit Components**

Component	Quantity	Storage
GeneQuery <sup>™</sup> array plate with lyophilized primers	1	$4^{\circ}$ C or $-20^{\circ}$ C
Optical PCR plate seal	1	RT
Nuclease-free H <sub>2</sub> O	2 mL	4°C

Component	Recommended		
Reverse transcriptase	First-Strand cDNA Synthesis Master Mix, 4x (ScienCell, Cat #MB6008)		
cDNA template	Customers' samples		
qPCR master mix	GoldNStart TaqGreen qPCR Master Mix (ScienCell, Cat #MB6018)		

### Additional Materials Required (Materials Not Included in Kit)

### **Quality Control**

All the primer sets are validated by qPCR with melt curve analysis. The PCR products are analyzed by gel electrophoresis. Single band amplification is confirmed for each set of primers.

### **Product Use**

GQH-BCC is for research use only. It is not approved for human or animal use, or for application in clinical or *in vitro* diagnostic procedures.

### **Shipping and Storage**

The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, the plate should be stored at  $4^{\circ}C$  and is good for up to 12 months. For long-term storage (>1 year), store the plate at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer.

### Procedures

Note: The primers in each well are lyophilized.

- 1. Prior to use, allow plates to warm to room temperature.
- 2. Briefly centrifuge at 1,500x g for 1 minute before slowly peeling off the seal.
- 3. Prepare 20 µl PCR reactions for one well as shown in Table 1.

cDNA template	0.2 – 250 ng
2x qPCR master mix	10 µ1
Nuclease-free H <sub>2</sub> O	variable
Total volu	те 20 µl

*Important: Only* use polymerases with hot-start capability to prevent possible primerdimer formation. *Only* use nuclease-free reagents in PCR amplification.

4. Add the mixture of 2x qPCR master mix, cDNA template, and nuclease-free H<sub>2</sub>O to each well containing the lyophilized primers. Seal the plate with the provided optical PCR plate seal.

# Important: In NTC control well, do NOT add cDNA template. Add 2x qPCR master mix and nuclease-free H2O only.

- 5. Briefly centrifuge the plates at 1,500x g for 1 minute at room temperature. For maximum reliability, replicates are strongly recommended (minimum of 3).
- 6. For PCR program setup, please refer to the instructions of the master mix of the user's choice. We recommend a typical 3-step qPCR protocol for a 200nt amplicon:

Step	Temperature	Time	Number of cycles
Initial denaturation	95°C	10 min	1
Denaturation	95°C	20 sec	
Annealing	65°C	20 sec	40
Extension	72°C	20 sec	40
Data acquisition	Plat	e read	
Recommended	Melting curve analysis		1
Hold	4°C	Indefinite	1

Three-step cycling protocol

7. (Optional) Load the PCR products on 1.5% agarose gel and perform electrophoresis to confirm the single band amplification in each well.

Figure 1. Layout of GeneQuery<sup>™</sup> qPCR array kit controls.

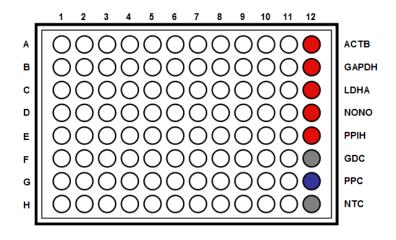
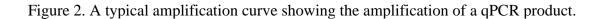


Table 2. Interpretation of control results:

Controls	Results	Interpretation	Suggestions
Housekeeping gene controls	Variability of a housekeeping gene's Cq value	The expression of the housekeeping gene is variable in samples; cycling program is incorrect	Choose a constantly expressed target, or analyze expression levels of multiple housekeeping genes; use correct cycling program and make sure that all cycle parameters have been correctly entered
gDNA Control (GDC)	Cq ≥ 35	No gDNA detected	N/A
	Cq < 35	The sample is contaminated with gDNA	Perform DNase digestion during RNA purification step
Positive PCR Control (PPC)	Cq > 30; or The Cq variations > 2 between qPCR Arrays.	Poor PCR performance; possible PCR inhibitor in reactions; cycling program incorrect	Eliminate inhibitor by purifying samples; use correct cycling program and make sure that all cycle parameters have been correctly entered
No Template Control (NTC)	Positive	DNA contamination in workflow	Eliminate sources of DNA contamination (reagents, plastics, etc.)



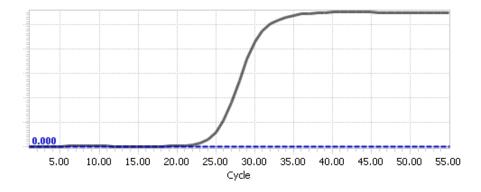
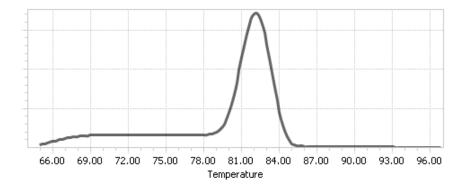


Figure 3. A typical melting peak of a qPCR product.



### Quantification Method: Comparative $\Delta\Delta Cq$ (Quantification Cycle Value) Method

1. **Note:** Please refer to your qPCR instrument's data analysis software for data analysis. The method provided here serves as guidance for quick manual calculations.

You can use one or more housekeeping genes as a reference to normalize samples.

*Important:* We highly recommend using all 5 housekeeping genes included in this kit: ACTB, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH.

2. For a single housekeeping gene,  $\Delta Cq$  (ref) is the quantification cycle number change for that housekeeping gene (HKG) between an experimental sample and control sample.

 $\Delta Cq$  (ref) = Cq (HKG, experimental sample) - Cq (HKG, control sample)

When using multiple housekeeping genes as a reference, we recommend normalizing using the geometric mean [1] of the expression level change, which is the same as normalizing using the arithmetic mean of  $\Delta$ Cq of the selected housekeeping genes.

 $\Delta Cq$  (ref) = average ( $\Delta Cq$  (HKG1),  $\Delta Cq$  (HKG2),....,  $\Delta Cq$  (HKG n)) (n is the number of housekeeping genes selected)

*If* using all 5 housekeeping genes included in this kit (ACTB, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH) use the following formula:

 $\Delta Cq$  (ref) = ( $\Delta Cq(ACTB)$ + $\Delta Cq(GAPDH)$ + $\Delta Cq(LDHA)$ + $\Delta Cq(NONO)$ + $\Delta Cq(PPIH)$ )/5

*Note:*  $\Delta Cq$  (HKG) = Cq (HKG, experimental sample) - Cq (HKG, control sample), and  $\Delta Cq$  (HKG) value can be positive, 0, or negative.

3. For any of your genes of interest (GOI),

 $\Delta Cq$  (GOI) = Cq (GOI, experimental sample) - Cq (GOI, control sample)

 $\Delta\Delta Cq = \Delta Cq$  (GOI) -  $\Delta Cq$  (ref)

Normalized GOI expression level fold change =  $2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq}$ 

### References

[1] Vandesompele J, De Preter K, Pattyn F, Poppe B, Van Roy N, De Paepe A, Speleman F. (2002) "Accurate normalization of real-time quantitative RT-PCR data by geometric averaging of multiple internal control genes." *Genome Biol.* 3(7): 1-12.

#### **Example:** Comparative $\Delta\Delta Cq$ (Quantification Cycle Value) Method

Table 3. Cq (Quantification Cycle) values of 2 genes-of-interest and 5 housekeeping genes obtained for experimental and control samples.

	Genes of	f Interest		House	keeping G	enes	
Samples	GOI1	GOI2	ACTB	GAPDH	LDHA	NONO	PPIH
Experimental	21.61	22.19	17.16	17.84	20.12	19.64	26.40
Control	33.13	26.47	18.20	18.48	20.57	19.50	26.55

$$\begin{split} \Delta Cq~(ref) &= (\Delta Cq(ACTB) + \Delta Cq(GAPDH) + \Delta Cq(LDHA) + \Delta Cq(NONO) + \Delta Cq(PPIH)) \ /5 \\ &= ((17.16 - 18.20) + (17.84 - 18.48) + (20.12 - 20.57) + (19.64 - 19.50) + (26.40 - 26.55)) \ /5 \\ &= -0.43 \end{split}$$

 $\Delta Cq (GOI1) = 21.61 - 33.13$ = -11.52

 $\Delta Cq (GOI2) = 22.19 - 26.47$ = -4.28

 $\Delta\Delta Cq (GOI1) = \Delta Cq (GOI1) - \Delta Cq (ref)$ = -11.52 - (-0.43) = -11.09

 $\Delta\Delta Cq (GOI2) = \Delta Cq (GOI2) - \Delta Cq (ref)$ = -4.28 - (-0.43) = -3.85

Normalized GOI1 expression level fold change =  $2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq (GOI1)}$ =  $2^{11.09}$ = 2180

Normalized GOI2 expression level fold change =  $2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq}$  (GOI2)

 $= 2^{3.85}$ = 14.4

*Conclusion:* Upon treatment, expression level of GOI1 increased 2,180 fold, and expression level of GOI2 increased 14.4 fold.



# GeneQuery<sup>™</sup> Human Basal Cell Carcinoma qPCR Array Kit (GQH-BCC) Catalog #GK015

GeneQuery<sup>™</sup> Human Basal Cell Carcinoma qPCR Array Plate Layout\* (8 controls in Bold and Italic)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Α	APC	CD151	CSNK1G2	EIF4E	FZD5	GSK3B	LRP2	RAB23	TCF7L1	WNT11	WNT5B	АСТВ
В	APC2	CDH1	CSNK1G3	FAT2	FZD6	HHATL	MC1R	ROR2	TCF7L2	WNT16	WNT7A	GAPDH
С	AXIN1	CEBPA	CTNNB1	FBXW11	FZD7	HHIP	NET1	SHFM1	TGFBR2	WNT2	WNT7B	LDHA
D	AXIN2	CSNK1A1	DHH	FZD1	FZD8	IFNA1	PARP1	SHH	TP53	WNT2B	WNT8A	NONO
E	BMP2	CSNK1A1L	DVL1	FZD10	FZD9	IHH	PRKACA	SMO	TXN	WNT3	WNT8B	PPIH
F	BMP4	CSNK1D	DVL2	FZD2	GAS1	KLF4	PRKACB	STAT2	WNT1	WNT3A	WNT9A	GDC
G	BTRC	CSNK1E	DVL3	FZD3	GLI2	LEF1	PRKACG	SUFU	WNT10A	WNT4	WNT9B	PPC
н	CASP3	CSNK1G1	EGF	FZD4	GLI3	LOC400927	PTCH1	TCF7	WNT10B	WNT5A	ZIC2	NTC

\* gene selection may be updated based on new research and development

# Appendix. Plate type choice chart.

## Plate type A

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
ABI / Life Tech	ABI 5700	GK015-A
	ABI 7000	GK015-A
	ABI 7300	GK015-A
	ABI 7500	GK015-A
	ABI 7700	GK015-A
	ABI 7900 HT	GK015-A
	QuantStudio	GK015-A
	ViiA 7	GK015-A
Bio-Rad	Chromo4	GK015-A
	iCycler	GK015-A
	iQ5	GK015-A
	MyiQ	GK015-A
	MyiQ2	GK015-A
Eppendorf / Life Tech	Matercycler ep realplex 2	GK015-A
	Matercycler ep realplex 4	GK015-A
Stratagene	MX3000P	GK015-A
	MX3005P	GK015-A

## Plate type B

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
ABI / Life Tech	ABI 7500 Fast	GK015-B
	ABI 7900 HT Fast	GK015-B
	QuantStudio Fast	GK015-B
	StepOnePlus	GK015-B
	ViiA 7 Fast	GK015-B
Bio-Rad	CFX Connect	GK015-B
	CFX96	GK015-B
	DNA Engine Opticon 2	GK015-B
Stratagene	MX4000	GK015-B

# Plate type C

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
Roche	Lightcycler 96	GK015-C
	Lightcycler 480 (96-well)	GK015-C